

Figure 1: Y5P is a medium 'k' class 2 ceramic. Tested with two signals, 100Hz and 1kHz at 2 volts amplitude, with no bias network, it produces many new intermodulation distortion frequencies.

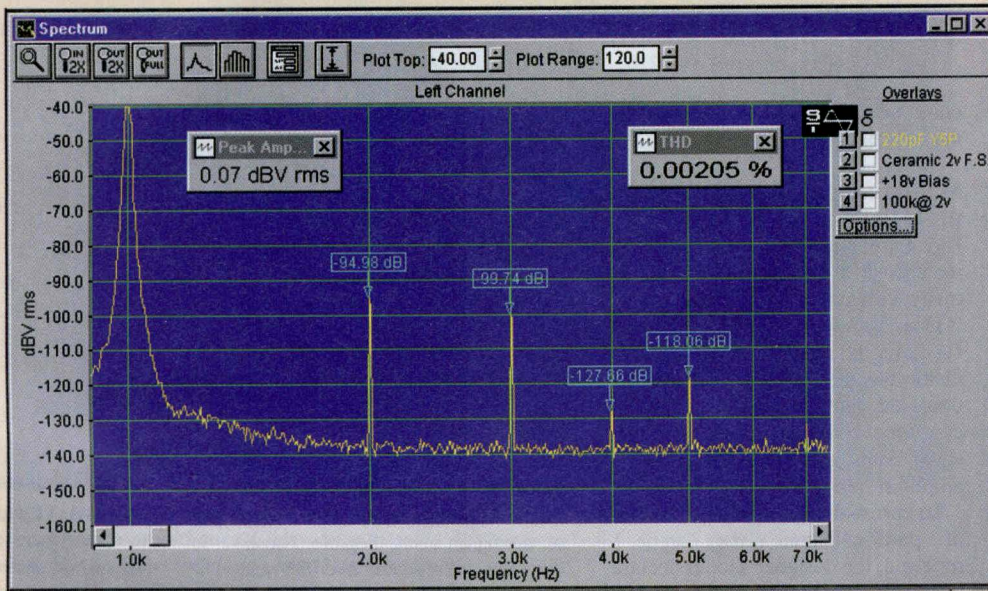


Figure 2: The figure 1 capacitor tested with 1kHz only with 18 volt DC bias. Compared to its 0 volt bias test, second harmonic has increased 23dB, a 14 times distortion increase.

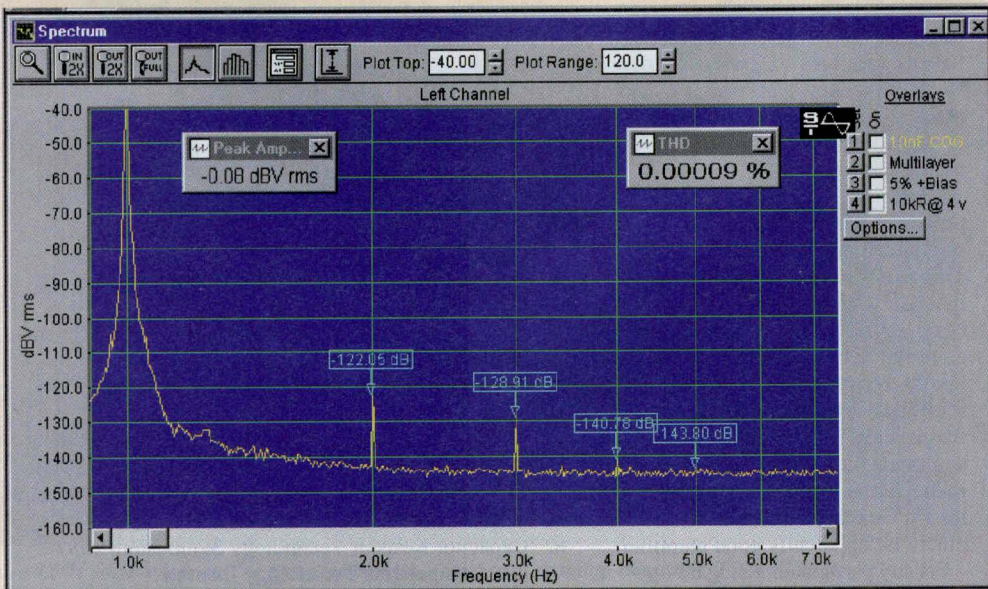


Figure 5: Distortion measurement of a Class 1 ceramic using 100Hz and 1kHz signals at 4 volts and 18 volt DC bias. With no bias this tiny 10nF 50 volt C0G multilayer capacitor measured just 0.00006%. Second harmonic was -128.5dB, the other levels remained as shown.



Figure 6: A Class 2 X7R 10nF capacitor from the same maker as figure 5 and tested the same. This test dramatically shows the impact an increase in both tanδ and dielectric absorption have on capacitor distortions.

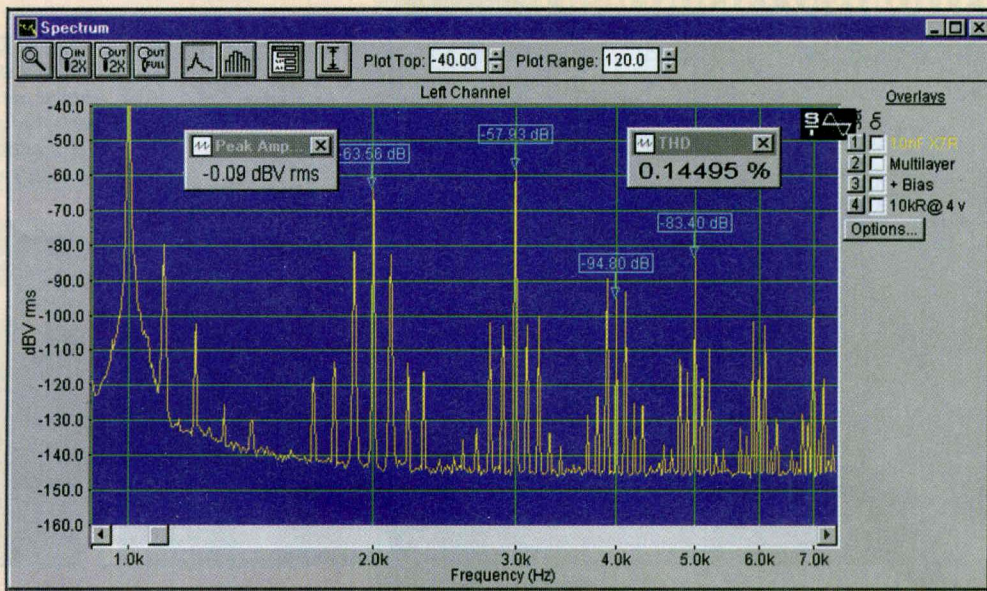


Figure 7: This now discontinued Philips extended foil/Polystyrene 1% axial lead capacitor, with 4 volt signals and 18 volt DC bias, shows negligible distortion. With test signals increased to 6 volt and DC bias to 30 volt second harmonic increased less than 4dB and distortion to 0.00007%. There was no visible intermodulation.

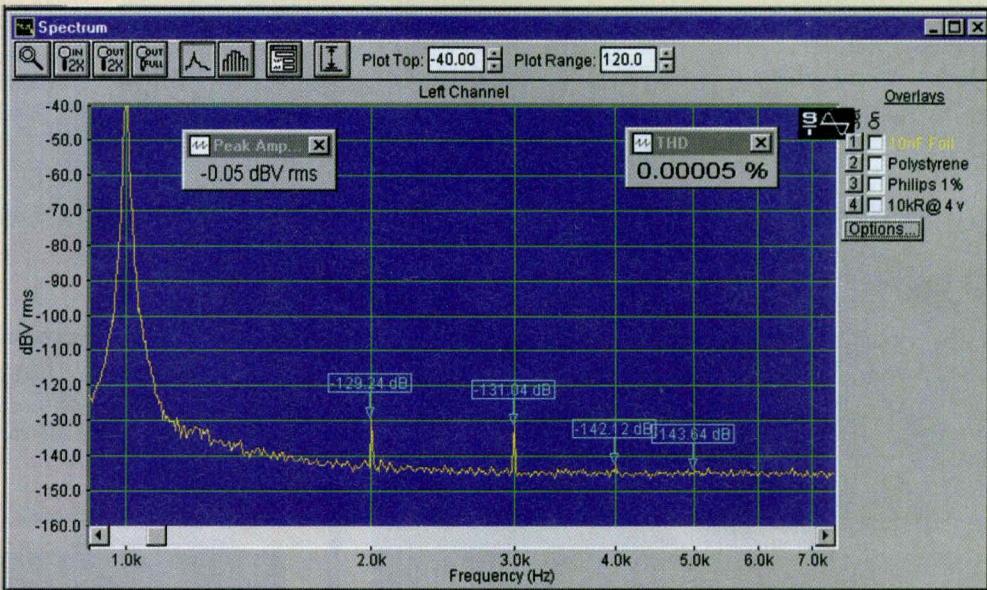


Figure 8: The makers replacement extended foil/Polypropylene shows the same 0.00005% distortion but second harmonic is 1dB worse. With test signals increased to 6 volts and DC bias to 30 volts second harmonic increased just over 5dB, distortion to 0.00008%. Again, no visible intermodulation.





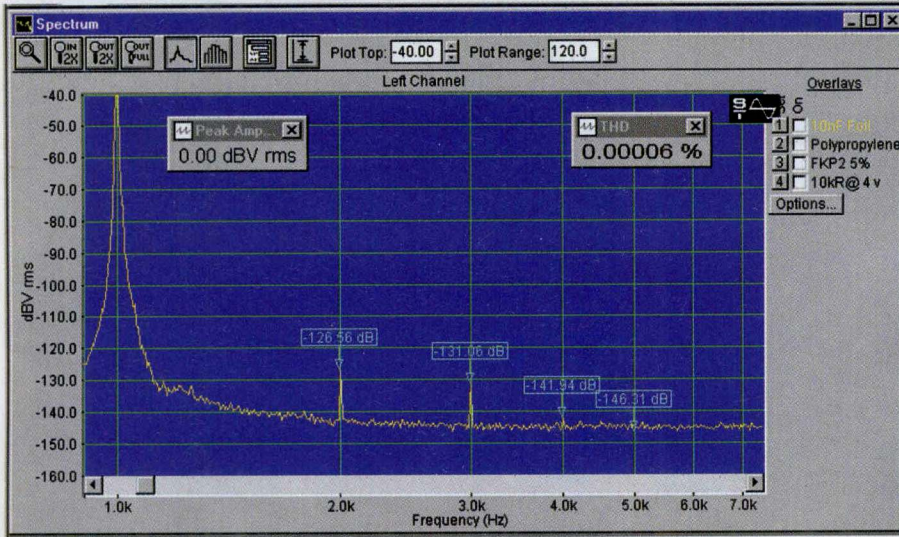


Figure 9: The small Wima FKP2 foil/Polypropylene capacitor shows similar performance except for 2dB increased second harmonic. Distortion just 0.00008% with 6 volts stimulus and 30 volts DC bias.

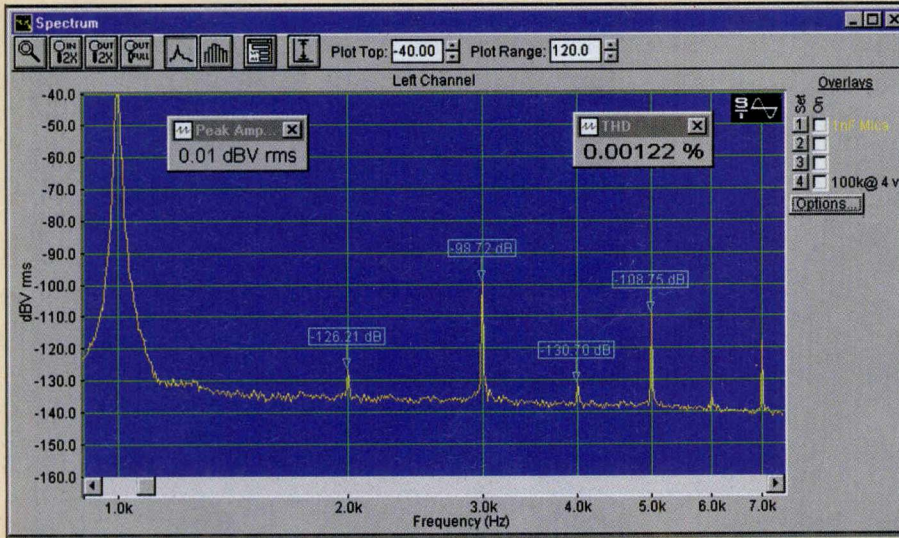


Figure 10: Despite cleaning and re-tinning its oxidised lead out wires, this 1nF Mica capacitor, tested using 1kHz only at 4 volts and no bias, clearly has an internal non-ohmic connection problem.

Figure 11: Tested with no bias, this 0.1µF MKS2 metallised PET capacitor measured 0.00016% with clearly visible intermodulation products. With 18 volts DC bias, the second harmonic increased dramatically, from -119.0dB to -92.9dB and harmonic distortion to 0.00225%.

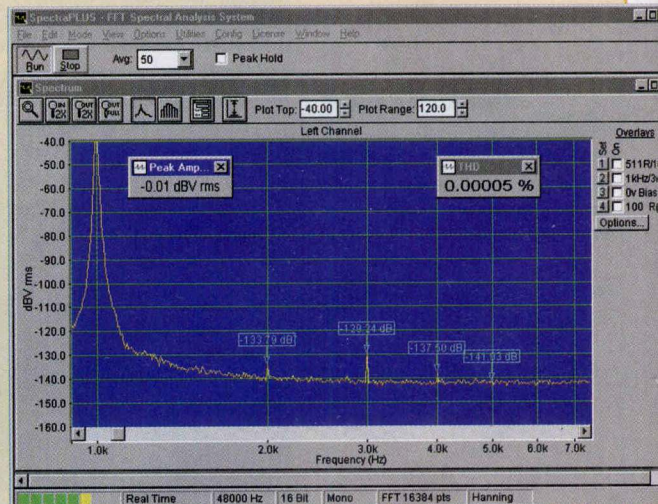
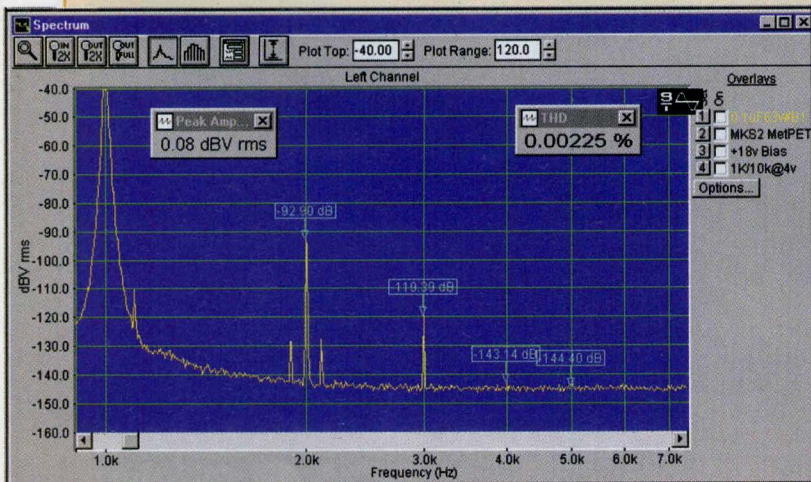


Figure 12: The Plus232 software shows a green then yellow signal strength meter, bottom left, changing dramatically to red at the soundcard overload level. My 'standard' measurement settings can be seen. Loaded with a 511Ω resistor, all harmonics are well below 0.5 ppm distortion.